Some words work as adjectives and Adverbs.

a) Use the words in brackets as adjective or adverb as in the example:

Example: Peter works _____ (slow)
Answer: Peter works slowly.

1. He quickly reads a book. (quick).
2. Mandy is a Pretty girl (Pretty).
3. The class is terribly loud today. (terrible).
4. Max is a good singer. (good).
5. You can easily open this tin. (easy).
6. It is a terrible day today. (terrible).
7. She sings the song well. (good).
8. He is a careful driver. (careful).
9. The dog barks loudly. (loud).

b). Find the adjective in the first sentence and Fill the gap with the adverb.

Joanne is happy. She smiles happily.

1). The boy is loud. He shouts loudly
2). Her English is Fluent. She speaks English Fluently.
3) Our mom was angry. She spoke to us angrily
4) .My neighbor is a careless driver. He drives carelessly
5). The painter is awful: He Paints awfully
6) This group is terrible. They behave Terribly bad Today.

c). Fill in the blanks with an adverb of degree:
very - Much - completely - too - so - almost - pretty - exactly - slightly - truly - rather - quite.

1). I'm Very sorry if I hurt your feelings.
2). This car is too much. I can't afford it.
3). Ben graduated and his parents are very happy.
4). I agree Completely with you.
5). Wait a minute, I'm almost done with the cleaning.
6). I'm so tired that I'm going to bed early.
7). "Are you sure?" - " Quite sure.
8) "Let's play football." I would rather play volleyball."
9). Thank you very rather.
10). That is exactly the color I have been looking for.